SIXPENCE

AUGUST 1944

AMATEUR RADIO

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FROM THE EDITOR'S PEN

Reading advertisements in overseas magazines of recent issue one gains the impression that at long last leading manufacturers have arrived at the conclusion that the Amatsur has filled a very valuable place in the development of radio...not only in the past, but right at the present time when his experience is proving of the utnost value in the production of war equipment, not only in the production, but in the operation and maintenance of this equipment in the field.

To quote from the advertisement of Messes, Eitel-McCullough Inc, manufacturers of the famous "Einarc' tubes, "The radio amateur is off the air as an Amateur, but he's still in radio. He's there in person and he's everywhere in the products created to stiisfy his progressive demands. Many of the world's leading electronic engineers are Radio Amateurs, and much of the equipment in use today by the armed sorvices is a product of the great Amateur testing grounds.

This coming from a firm with such a reputation as the advertiser is praise indeed and forces one to consider the lack of appreciation shown by Australian manufacturers for the work done by the Amateurs.

With the Great Allied success on all fronts, together with the internal unrest in both Germany and Japan, there is a wave of optimism also in the Amateur world, for the scener it is over the scener the Amateur is back on the dar.

The Wireless institute of Australia, the officially recognised body-representing licensed anatours, is the source from which the move must come for the restoration of licences.

The strongest argument that the Institute can gut up is that it represents 100% membership of all former and inbonding licencess. This can only be achieved by existing Institute members doing their underst to interest other Bass to become members, Remember the Institute has guarded your interests, and will continue to do so.

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MAGNETIC RECORDING AGAIN

Alec H. Clyne VK3VX ...

Before the advent of sound-on-film and long playing 33RFM dars the only satisfactory way to record a long program was by the magustle process, in which sound was recorded in the form of variations in magnetication along the length of a steel tage or wire. In recording, the tage is rassed between the poles of a permanent magnet around which is wound a coil red from the recording amplifuor. The variations in field produced by the coil bring about a variation in degree of magnetisation of the tage.

evice the coil being in this case connected to the input of an amplifier in the same manner as in the case of the familiar magnetic pick-up used on disc recordings.

Among the advantages claimed for this system of so und recording are that there is no scratch, disc to physical co ntact between the recording medium and the plack-up and similarly there is no wear on the recording medium. Neither of these adventages can be fully realized, for the steel tape cannot be made perfectly homogeneous throughout its length, small imperfections in the structure of the steel threafter produce notes and furthermore the repeated realing and unrecling of the tape produces strusses in the steel which in three desurey the magnetisation. Sharp-blows such as are caused by dropping a real of the steel out to destroy the recording.

However in the above respects magnetic recording is quite the equal of diss and film recording and indeed has one advantage that the others have not, namely, the recording may be completely wiped off the tape by rassing it through a magnetic field sufficiently dense to saturate the steel, after which it may be used for a further recording and this process can be repeated indefinitely.

In regard to durability, magnetic recording is much superior to any other method, a magnetic record may be played thousands of times.

All this seems too good to be true, and, you say, there must be a catch somewhere. There is...the response of magnetic recording falls off baily below about 250 c/s and above 5000 c/s making it ideal for voice but quite unsuitable for musical recording.

Such a recordor has been in use at the P.M.G. Leberatories in Melbourne for many years and is still used for recording everseas breakeasts of species by the Fing end others for local rotransmission at times more suitable for local listeners. A half hour recording can be accommedated on a reel about three feet in diameter and half an inch in width.

Recently news has come to hand from America of a new application for magnetic recording.

Intolligence officers of the Army Mayy and Air Perces found found that observers in aircraft on recommandance missions were often unable to make written notes quickly enough when ever their objectives and consequently valuable items of information were sencitived lost. So it seemed that some form of recording would be an advantage, the observers could then distate their notes into their intercom missrophenes and would thus be able to perform their duties much more speedily and accurately.

Such a recorder would have to be light, self contained, compete and capable of raking undaturerated records covering longer periods than could be secomplished by discretering. Butthermore the records would have to be available for playback immediately after lending, which procluded the use of sound-on-film with its inevitable oblays for processing. So the old magnetic system was taken down off the shelf, dusted off and put into action.

This time the medium used is a fine steel wire of about 48swg passing through the recorder at 3 feet per second, and the standard longth of wire is about 11500 feet, giving a running time of 66 minutes.

The wire can be accommedated on a reel about 4 inches diameter and half an inch wide and the whole recording apparatus is constant in a box about 12" x 6" x 4" with a total weight of 9 pounds.

The steel used has been spicially developed for this application and a test recording made on it has been played 100,000 times without any parapitable airange in quality. We details have been given of the frequency range but it is reaconable to assume that resemble has been conducted into the matter and the future prestlitities in the application of magnetic recording appear to be very extensive.

The first use of the new recorder in action was when it was installed in a Flying Portrees on a bombing mission over Prence in Caylight. The recorder was connected to the intersoon system and it is said that the volcas of the crew and the sounds of Catche were very realistically recorded. No doubt the comments of the crew while in the thick of the risk would be most interesting.

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VICTORIAN DIVISION

... President's Report ...

Presented at

THE 34th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING...1/8/1944.

For the fourth successive year it is my pleasant duty to review at this, the 34th Annual General Meeting, the activities of this Division of the Wireless Institute of Australia during the past year. Probably the most important matter for review is that of floance, but as full details of this are shown in the Halance Sheet and Income and Expenditure Accounts, a copy of which will be posted to every member. I will deal but briefly with the most cutstanding points. The years operations have resulted in a loss, which, after providing 532,5.0 for depreciation and including 511,7.5 loss on the publication of "Amsteur Redio" amounted to 593,16.1. This loss is slightly higher than that incurred last year, but your council holds the opinion that such losses must be expected whilst the war continues, and that, if necessary, our reserve funds should be used to

Five audio oscillators which were built for the use of the mores classed have been sold for a total of 251.44, reducing the capital value of apparetus by that amount. By the investment of conmonwealth for the last war losn our holding of Commonwealth Government Inscribed Stock has been increased by that amount to 2550.

In view of the continual losses shown by the balance sheets of recent years, it is, I think, a matter of great satisfaction that, after nearly five years of war, our reserve funds have not suffered greater depletion.

MEMBERSHIF... I am pleased to be able to report that membership
figures again show a remarkable increase, purity
due to the work of the Membership Secretaries Messrs.
T. D. Hogan VKSIK and J. G. Marsland VKSIK. Commencing the year with
148 members, 71 members either joined or re-joined; 14 members rejoining as a result of the membership drive conducted during May and
June, 11 members failed to renew subscriptions from the previous
year, resulting in a nett increase of 60 members and making the
total at the 50th June...208.

Of this number 100 are members of the defence forces, the following seven having been reported "Prisoner of War" or "Missing", Major Lyle Andrews VK3TW; Sgnt. M. R. Cempbell VK3MR; Pte Jack McCandlish VK3HB; Sgt. K. Oliver VK3GZ; Firing Officer Roy Prowse VK3XS; Flying Officer Arthur Tinkler VK3ZV and Lieutemant Gordon Weynton VK3XV. May I express the hope that all these and any other Hams who

may be similarly placed at present will be returned to their homes, free once more to send their calls far and wide.

In extending to all new members a warm welcome and an invitation to take an active part in all Institute activities, I would 11ko to express gratification at the rising membership figures and the view that it is an indication of a wider realization that the Wireless Institute of Australia is destined to play an important part in the restoration of licences and other post war activities. So far the membership drive has touched only old members who have for reasons best known to themselves, omitted to renew their subscriptions at some time or another during the past five or six years. In making a determined effort to rectify these emissions, the membership secretaries have posted circulars and current issues of the magazine to about 140 old members. I have already told you of the immediate result and I think it's not too much to hope that a response will come from many others in the near future. The next on the list for attention of the Membership Secretaries is the nonmembers, so that I think we can look for an even more remarkable increase in membership during the coming year. Any member new or old who has not yet received a membership certificate should enquire about it immediately.

MEGAZIVE... Consequent upon the increased membership, circulation of Amatour Redio has continued to improve, being now past the 400 mark, but, due to the loss of our advortising support during the year, publication resulted in a loss of £11.7.6d. The members of the Megazine Committee continue to devote two Saturday afternoons per ment to the work of producing the magnazine, and the Division is indebted to them for the way in which they carry out their task.

No mention of the magezine, however, would be complete without a word of praise for those good people who have centributed articles for gublication. Although it has been necessary to use articles abstracted from coverses publications, whatever their origin, they have always maintained a high technical standard and made interesting reading.

An inevation during the year was the boom review rage by Mr. A. H. Clyno WSXW, which I feel sure has been of inestimable value to Hams who are unable to see for themselves just what books are awailable.

The arrangement with the New South Wales Division, which prevides for a 14 Page magazine incorporating their Divisional Bullotin, has worked very well, and the present degree of co-operation between the two Divisions can be expected to continue to their match! benefit. The present size of the magazine is governed partly by paper rationing and partly by the facilities available at present for printing, but the Dakagaine Committee here that the

return to a printed magazine is not far distant, plans for a change over as soon as circumstances permit having already been considered.

EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS On the flimsy protext that installation of power points and aemials would be to costly, our offer to

provide emergency communications for country police stations was refused. As it was plain that our services were just not wanted, we did not press further in this direction, but, when early this year bush fires ravaged parts of the State, our services and equipment were offered to the Forests Commission. This offer was not availed of and, when shortly after the disastrous grass fire occurred. Hams in the Western District were so able to impress members of the Bush Fire Brigades Association with the possibilities of Radio Communication, that we were requested to submit a scheme and an estimate of costs to a meeting held in Melbourne, Much time has been p ut into this work by Massrs. T. D. Hogan and J. K. Ridgway, and the scheme submitted provides for a network of fixed, mobile and portable stations that would enable rapid communication to be mainwined between fire fighters and control officers in all parts of the State where fire fighting is in the care of the Bush Fire Brigades Association.

In estimating the cost of the parts needed to make the 104 stations required at £3000, no allowance was made for any payments for the services of any one who may be helping to construct and, or operate the gear. Apart from the initial work of constructing the gear, our main part in the scheme will be to see that it is kept in good working order and to provide operators for each zone control station, in fact the Division are to act as Technical and Communication Officers. Full details are beyond the scope of this review. but I can say that is has received the support of a large gathering representing both city and country Hams, Messrs, Hogan and Ridgway personally submitted the scheme to a Bush Fire Brigade's Association Executive Meeting, and later a demonstration of how the scheme would handle traffic was given at Hamilton by a group of Western Zone Hams. Both meetings appeared to be favorably impressed and we were confidont that it would be accepted without delay. We were, therefore, rather surprised that no finality has yet been reached in spite of continuous contact with the Association, and we now assume that they are awaiting the passage of legislature in the present session of State Parliament, whoreby a State Fire Authority is to be established.

LABORATORY.... A Committoo, mombers of which are Messra. I. Morgan VKSDH; A.H. Clyno WKSWE; (C.C. Quin WKSWE; K.R. Ridgayand mysolf has been meeting at least twice each morth for the purpose of investigating the laboratory equipment with a view to setting up the apparatus, so that full use could be made of it. After prolonged and careful investigation, however, the Committee has reported to council that, whilst the B.F.O. Wheatstone Bridge; and Capacity Bridge; Precision Condenser; and 1000 cycle Oscillator are in excellent condition and their calibration security. They posses certain

inhorest qualities which render them of very limited servicebility; to the demands of a modern laboratory, and the Committee has recommended the sale of three thems, except for the EFO which it is thought will be difficult to sell dur to its unsuitability for modern requirements. The proceeds from the sales to be paid into a dund to provide for the purchase of suitable equipment at a later date.

The Committee has further suggested that the ultimate necessities of the Laboratory should include: 1, 8,F.O. or other suitable instrument with a range of from 20 to 15,000 cycles per second.

2. Procision Sigmal Generator: 5. Induciones, Caracity and Resistance Enriges. 4. Vacuum Tabe Voltmotor. 5. Cathode Ray Ossilloscope. 6, Hebrodyno Frequency Meter. 7. Means of testing tubes, transmitting and receiving. 8 Such measuring equipment as may be deemed necessary by post war developments in amateur radio as yet uniforescent.

The property of equipped would provide facilities for making comproversive tests of members goar and equipment and would be a big bole in ensuring that the more exacting requirements of post war amateur radio would be met. However, it is a goal which will not be easily reached as the equipment is exponsive and it may be some time

after the war before any of it becomes available.

Some of the Admiralty Handbooks used by the AOCP classes have been sold and we are anxious to dispose of move as receipts from the sale of these books provides a found to be used for the purchase of modern books for the Tachmical Library.

In conclusion, I would like to thank all members of Council for their co-operation during the year. All it meed say is that it has been a great pleasure to have had them working with me.

H. N. Stevens, VK3JO. President.

CORRES PONDENCE

L.H.Q. Hy Wireless Group,

To President and Councillors, Victorian Division W.I.A.

Dear Sirs, Re clause 3, page 11 of June Amateur Radio.
We the undersigned emphytically oppose the idea. Our

we the undersigned emphatically oppose the idea. Our main reasons being: Although proficient operators, Army men are not required to possess much technical knowledge.

Most 00's are administrators and may not fully understand the standard expected for the AOCP. If a man possess knowledge equal or superior to AOCP standard, he could pass the exam without inconvenience.

K.V. SCott VK3SS. A.R. Williams VK3WE.

J.L. Duncan VK3VZ Ralph L. Day VK5RD.

R. McGregor VK3XZ.

SLOUCH HATS and FORAGE CARS

Believe it or not, a laddie rang me up the other night and said how he appreciated reading all your doings in this column of ours. Be had been fifteen months or so out in the North West and our lag, and our Column was his only means of keeping in touch with where all the WK hems were and what was he ppening at hivisional Headquarters. So its as I said. if YOU like to know where some other Ham is and what he is doing, ther MUST be another Ham or two who have been wondering what the H... became of old WK!!! ... haven't heard of him for years... SO, send in TROES MOMES.

Petty Officer Sid Clark sent me some notes from Milne Bay, but before they could be published he arrived down in person...for a brief rost, so he said. However, by the time you read this he will once more be where they don't need Kosi stoves in Winter time...Oh no, not that place VET....I mean Milne Bay. Hi!

Graham Colley VK3QZ after attaining the rank of P/o was sent up North and nothing had been heard from him until recently whon news of his exploits have come to hand. We suspect that his job was strictly hush-hush and full dotails are not available. From what we can gather he went into New Britain with the first invasion troops and was there for quite a while. We believe he established and operated an advance????? station under heavy Nip straffing. Ho was cut off from all services and comforts for a long while. he was successful goes without saying for there is evidence of a fine letter from a high ranking american Officer written to Graham's wife congratulating her on the fine work her husband was doing and also on her fine cooking ... it seems he shared one of her cakes. After that Graham was in the Admiralties for a time and at the end of May he was back in the New Guinea mainland ahead of our front line in Nip territory where, he says, "we had to watch our steps pretty carefully.

Wiff Lac Robort P. Stack reports being back in aussic after eighteen menths in how Gainea. Would prefer to see the spets he has been in from the deck of the Bulele, though. Be not quite a few hams during that time but the calls have mostly slipped his memory. Be asks if any of the craps has nows of Boulah B. Telenon, one time of Phoenix Arizona, call sign Weepy and also KYGLL, when she was in Alaska. Last time 4TK heard of her she was in La Fez Belivia. As she worked many of the VKs possibly somebody may have heard of her. Regards to 4HA. ZMI, 663 and his doughter, 4HM (Mack or Fert Moresby) and 9VG of Bulele from 4 TK Bunda St., Bast Innostati.

Don B. Knock VECTO Inspector Engineer and Signel Stores (Vic) is now a Stjore...D Don on....now for the "florid complexion and a liver that needs dry clonning" which is the official requirements, I believe Don says he believes they have heard some FB long distance DX way down on the VEF, but that wouldn't surprise am; Hem as he says would knows about the "Sporadic B Layer DX". 2No also reports that 2M of whom nothing has been heard of since the War now holds a Commission in the R.A.A.F....thanks Don, its first news of him...like "first QCS.s. H!".

VIGIL Frank Bine whom very many of you will remember rang up the other night. Frank is now a Fi/Lt and after his service around Now Guinea is for the time stationed at Wegg, also Slight WEZA is back after his trip to G and in the North Wort, 22A, 2GL and P/o Bill Lowis 2YB (Last heard of at Sale) were in permanent R.A.A.P. at Richmond before the War.

F1/Lt R. J. Reynolds VK2AFR sends us a note on the back of his Sub Form. .quito a good idea more chaps could fellow, .says he has just returned from a tour of Service units Morthern and New Guinea... naturally he met Hams...so many he says he couldn't sort them out without getting down to the job in earnest. Hi

Sargeant Alan Jocelyn 2AJO is now located at Bonegilla..."regairing the ravages of women" (so my correspondent says)...and wishes to be remembered to all the Zero-beaters.

Wilf Harriss...etty Officer H.M.A.S. Australia...WEALF...ruts over the best yet...says he will pay his sub when the ship readles pert...Wilf, I hand it to you for originality...200. Wilf was over in the Mod when the Greece Grete affair was on and finds the Japair raids not too bad after the classing of divelombers etc. H.M.A.S Perth gave over there.

Some time ago, Sgt. Keith Scott VKSSS got himself tangled up in 3000 volts & except for a burn or two he survived. The gang at LHQ heavy Wireless now view Keith very suspiciously for the reason that he recently returned from a visit to the city badly cut about...and ...his excuse was..."he fell over"????

Lt. Joe Ackorman VK2AIG has just finished his "spow of leavo" and once more heads north to play round with the "decks and alligators oto. etc." with which he now consorts. He says 31% who did a course with him is now at Darwin, and John Cilo 202 is once more on the move also. "AiG mention that ZIIAQ in a W/O in the Air Force. He was in the Army first but has now joined the Air Force as an instructor. The loot also mentioned 2Rr as being in the Instructional Corp...I remember Bill as the VK2 WIA Div. Sec. longer years ago than I care to remember. Hi!

Sig. J.F. Spain, well known in prewar days as 2nd op at 3HX writes that recently he received a copy of "AR" the first he has seen for a long time...so you see we get places OUR MAG...ZYC....The old

FEDERAL HEADQUARTERS

Well the Esnay Computition has concluded and all entries read and received by the judges, who were Messrel, P. P. Bickson WELFE, R.Priddlo WEZE, and W. Kyan WEZE, in an endesvor to ascertain what form Fost Was Ametuar Redio would take. In deciding to hold this composition the Federal Executive were more concerned in obtaining the views of australian Ameteurs rather than a literary effect worthy of the Pulither Prize. It was very interesting to note that quits a few computers in I really think the correct term should be entrants, based their headings on those suggested as suitable topics by Federal Executave when the event was first meeted.

Quito frankly the number of entries received was rather disappointing, perticularly as Fuderal had querters had in mind the possibility of framing a Post War Policy from the views expressed in the various easilys, but, nevertheless, what was lacking in quantity was made up in quality. Many clars did not feel like writing a thesis on the subject but had one or two ideas they felt like expressing and it is to their credit that they did not hesitate to do it.

As you are aware the original conditions laid down that three prizes would be awared and the judges in making the awards decided that one should be set aside for a Service entrant whilst the other two would go to non-Service entries.

Well, here is the result. The non-Service prizes were won by:-

E. Hodgkins VKZEH J. Ballinger VKZNK

and the Service Prize by:-

Petty Officer Telegraphist. S. Clark.

Reviewing the Essays it would appear that every entrant is in favor of an Austrelian Wireless Institute with a permanent staff rather than an Institute as a present constituted with Divisions in each state made or loss dependent upon the voluntary efforts of the Eslaves faithes to loss dependent upon the voluntary efforts of the Eslaves faithes fait few. Ann Australian Institute is one strongly favored by the Judges-Essa the other members of became like dynathers. They also feel that the magazine should not be the responsibility of emplone Swate. Quite frankly, when the entries had been whittled down, another an entry by I. Marsland SIX received quite a deal of consideration, and the Judges were of the opinion that quite a deal of consideration, and the Judges were of the opinion that quite a deal of thought had been given by SIX to the subject but felt that in the latter part his essay his viewpoint had considerably narrowed, and he was discussing the matter predy from a State angle rather than an Australian outlook.

The question of power did not receive a great variety of desire. Most entrants being satisfied with 100 watts with one notable exception who asked 500 watts for DX and 175 watts for local Qso's!

It is not proposed to debate the pros and cons of the winning Essays at this stage as they will be published each month, but eventually the good points of all easays will be collated and published.

POST-WAR AMATEUR RADIO

.. Ernost P. Hodgkins ... VK2EH ..

Post War Amateur Radio. - What a weelth of meaning those few words have for the amateur opprator and experimentar! - What visions they conjour up! - What a pleasant thrill the contemplation of Q30's again gives! - How good it is going to be to once more operate the rig, and that brand new receiver - with its row of tubes and latest idea in data; we collect those much sought after Q31's; to meet old friends of the dir again; to share in the good fellowship that exists.

But Post War Amsteur Radio is not yet an established fact. Quite a los criwator must flow under the proverbial "Bridge" before the desire to participate once again may be gratified. We have not yet received the "all clear" from the Powers That Be.

What attitude will they adopt towards us when we do approach them? What convincing information must we as Amatoure present in support of our case, and who will present it for us? How many Bans will their voice represent? What other opposition is there likely to be? What stops are we as Amatours going to take to most these circumstances?

Our case may need to be a strong one. We may have to present vory convincing proof of our good use of the frequencies allotted to us in the past. There will surely be those who covet them. There always has been. Right from the "Bad Old Days," the Fam has been squeezed first from one band to another, and then again to one still lower down - so we may expect an attempt at further squeezing. There is a limit to the amount of squeezing that is possible to

How many of us are going to have a say against this? The more the morrior. Not as individual Bass-oh Goden no-but as one properly constituted and organised body. A body whose voice has been heard before. One that is able to speak convincingly on our bohalf. A voice representing every Bam in the Commonwealth. Yes, Brother Bams, let us have a Voice and let that voice speak in unison and as strongly and forcibly as possible.

To achieve the necessary unity and strongth it is important that overy Bum and every apprent for the mysteries and privileges of Post-Wer Ametour Eddio Operation, should be a member of the Wireless Institute of Australia. Now, as at present constituted the Wireless Institute of Australia does not completely and adequately fill the needs of a large body of Russ. This is because the moetings take place in the capital cities. Most follows belonging to our organisation like to feel that they are sharing in what is going on. Outlying districts are not surficiently extend for. To overcome this deficiency I suggest that who were possible Breach Clubs of the Wisches Institute of Australia, working endor a Ciertor and

Constitution drawn up by Federal Council be formed. These Branches would take the place of the pre-war Radio Clubs and would function to fill the needs of Organised Amsteur Radio just as the Branches of other Organisations and Societies function to fill the needs of all the members of the particular institution. There are no insurmountable difficulties. The Wireless Institution Australia would then be the only body representing Amateurs in the country, than indicating unity of purpose and control; giving us one powerful voice. The Branches would be in contact with Haadquerters in each State by direct representative or by mail; Headquerters in each Division would be in tunch with Federal Beadquerters as now and through the Federal Body with the Authority Controlling Wireless Telegraphy. Thus we would have a strong voice eminating from a powerful Amateur Body.

When this is brought about it will be imperative that the Federal Body have at least a full time Scoretary. It is necessary even now. The volume of work to be done and its importance warrant it.

In view of the number of licences issued in New South Wales and the smount of work entailed in running the business of the Institute, it would be issimble to have a raid scoretary of this Division also. The more one comes in contact with the business bradled by the Honorary Scoretary of the New South Wales Division the greater appreciation one has for the efforts put into the Job on Amateur Radio's behalf. With the present membership it is a meanized job - and with the roturn of Amateur Radio and the increased membership that will result, it will coase to be a voluntary parttime job, but will demand the attention of someone permenently, who should receive an honorarium as compensation for the time and effort put into the work.

Who knows, we may even reach the stage when the Fresident and Councillors may also receive a small honorarium. This may inspire others to submit for ballot, so making it necessary for Councillors to be more enthusiastic, (if that is possible) than they are now, and so earn what they receive either approciation or criticism. It would also give some members justifiable grounds for complaint if councillors were not doing the fine job that was expected of them. But?

With regard to the conditions under which we desire to operate our Fest War Amatour Radio, and the case for our return to the "air" again, it is most desirable that we make it as easy for the "air" again, it is most desirable that we make it as easy for the "auterities" to say "YES" as it is possible. We must remember that Aratour Radio does not only concern W.I.A. Members, or Australian Amatours only, but that is the concern of many oversea Governments as well. It would be a wise move to approach "officialdom" with NO new surgestions (YET). Let us ask for the "all clear" under conditions that apportained before we received the red telegram saying "stor." We found those conditions very fair. Our frequency hands were good,

60 motros for Emergoncy Portable and search and rescue work...40 metros for some DX and regular consistant working.,20 and 10 metros for DX and 5 metros for experimenting with HF goar and antennae. The higher frequencies will meat containly be ear-marked for further development of seme of the hmsh-hush work already done...for tolevision..location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...location...l

The 50 watt limit was quite good workshie one Technicians tell us that the power must be increased ten times to make one "R" point change in reception at distance. Balf a kilowatt would cause QMM and isn't democratic anyway. Let us ask for 50 watts again and be content.

Just give Amatours an opportunity of putting into practice some of the ideas they have had in mind during the past four years and there will be some very fine postwar amatour station installations. Need to us, thouch, will be obliged, for a while anyway, to revemp the gear that was "frezon" in 1959. It wen't be long before some of the lade will warm some of it up too. I recall the plates of some finals I have seen with a "unddy Blush" we may export developments such as variable frequency control, better and more test equipment such as signal tracers, more officiont antenna installations and wastly improved receiver response. This latter is a better move than increasing the input to the final to half a kilowatt.

Some of the lade at present in the various services will come forward with some bright ideas from some of the hush-hush gear, many new ideas will find their way into amateur installations (to say nothing of some of the sear itself).

These same lade have acquired a definite knowledge and skill in the handling of gear of great value to their country. It would be a definite loss if it were allowed to lapse and become defunct. The "United Nations" cause has suffered in the rest because of our unpreparedness and lack of equipment. From this point of view, the services which trained these leds should provide opportunity for regular and useful practice in the branches in which they have given training, thus building up a permanent reserve trained and equipped, so that we may be able to meet an emergency should it occur. We surely kept that it will not.

Once the present conflict is over, and we have Amateur Radio cnee more, let us hore that never again will we have the Radio "Black Cut" which all amateurs find so irksome, Fost War Amateur Radio will be the grand hoby that Amateur Radio used to be. Me will make new radio Triends and meet all the old ones, and pass on to all the friendly, traternal greetings as of old. Bach 450 will finish with 450 Ir no OM.

....,0000.....

Mag brought back many momerage to Jack who is at present "enjoying" after life in N.G. after seeing very much of VK. About 12 menths age he got into Siga and was lucky onough to go to an Army School of sigs in Sydnoy, and during a loave he decided to get married. Now he is in charge of a battery charging station as well as locking "efter" signal stores. (Bet you he has a good Hx after the War, lads ... EYO).

Morrio Lasty 200 has returned to Vi after 2% years absoned in U.S.A. and England, Morrio gave about three quastors of an hours talk at the V.I.A. mosting in which he showed what he has assimilated from the Dirlematic Corp. 55 MeY have just been on a tour sightsoning. H! Reekens he has done about 50,000 miles by air cressing the both occans the Pacific taking 35 hours, and that inn't too had for a civilian, in wartime. What a priority he must have had, HH. Incidentally he loft England when the BIG BAN was on, which bears out the last remark, what,

And so ends S & H. for this month. Send all notes to your Divisional Secretary or to ETC, 78 Malency St., Eastlakes, Mascot, Phono MULO92.

VICTORIAN DIVISION.

The Annual General Meeting of the Division last Thesday night, August lak, saw an invasion of Sorvice Hams mostly from intor-state. As succe in this issue is rather limited, a full report will be included in the next issue.

The election of Officers for the ensuing year resulted in a double ballet for the Presidency. Messrs. H. N. Stevens VK3JO, I. Morgan VK3DH and J. G. Mareland VK5HW were nominated. In the voting Mr. Stevens and Mr. Mareland tied, and in the final vote Mr. Stevens was re-clocked.

Vice-Presidents appointed were Messrs. T. D. Hogan VK3HX, M. Howden VK3BQ and H. Kinnear VK3KN.

Council elected for the next twelve months were:- Mossrs.

I. Morgan VKSDH; C.C. Quin VKSTQ; A. H. Clyne VKSTX;
R. Marriott VKSSI; H. M. Stovens VKSJO; T. D. Hogan VKSHX;
J. K. Ridgway and H. Burdekin.

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Present location of F.H.Q. :- New South Wales Federal President: F. P. DICKSON, VK2AFB.

Vice-President: H. F. PETERSON, VK2HP. Federal Secretary: W. G. RYAN, VK2TI.

Councillors: C. FRYAR, VK2NP: W. J. McELREA, VK2UV

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The N.S.W. Division meets on the third Thursday of each month at Y.M.C.A. Buildings, Pitt St., Sydney and an invitation is accorded to all Amateurs to attend. Overseas and Interstate Amateurs who are unable to

attend are asked to phone the Secretary at FX3305.

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